





Class: Infant B (6-12 months) Focus: Moving and Learning	Date: May 6-10, 2019 Week: 36		
Approaches Toward Learning: Communication, Curiosity, Attention, Persistence	Parent Letter: Developing Social Skills		
English Vocabulary: arms, feet, dance, jump, walk	Spanish Vocabulary: brazos, feet, bailar, brincar, caminar		

American Sign Language (ASL): arms, feet, dance, jump, walk

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
314111110 114V	•UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "Good Morning to You" • "Buenos días". •CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. •CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.	•CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. •CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are safe.	CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily.	•UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "Good Morning to You" • "Buenos días". •CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. •CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are safe	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "If You're Happy and You Know It" * "Si estas feliz y lo sabes". *CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.
Development	Use an enthusiastic voice to read the book Feet to little	•Read the book Feet. Play "Walking My Baby Back Home" (Frog Street Baby Games CD).	•Feet (L38) Use an enthusiastic voice to read the book <i>Feet</i> to little ones. Ask babies to point to specific photos. Reread the book often.	Play "Walking My Baby Back	•Feet (L38) Use an enthusiastic voice to read the book Feet to little ones. Ask babies to point to specific photos. Reread the book often.

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Cognitive Development	•One, Two, Three (C34) Use the counting sequence "one, two, three" to perform with little ones.	•Photo Activity Cards 2 and 4 arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar •Teach ASL signs for arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar	ones.	•Photo Activity Cards 2 and 4 arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar •Teach ASL signs for arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar	•One, Two, Three (C34) Use the counting sequence "one, two, three" to perform with little ones.
Social Emotional Development	•Walking My Baby (SE29) Frog Street Baby Games CD Play "Walking My Baby Back Home." Lay non-walkers on the floor and move their legs to the music. Hold the hand of walkers and walk around the room.	•I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Interactive finger play Dancing Feet (p 93)	•Walking My Baby (SE29) Frog Street Baby Games CD Play "Walking My Baby Back Home." Lay non-walkers on the floor and move their legs to the music. Hold the hand of walkers and walk around the room.	•I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Interactive finger play Dancing Feet (p 93)	•Walking My Baby (SE29) Frog Street Baby Games CD Play "Walking My Baby Back Home." Lay non-walkers on the floor and move their legs to the music. Hold the hand of walkers and walk around the room.
Physical Development	•Shake, Shake, Shake (P31) Give babies rattles and bells to shake while you play "A Walk in the Park" (<i>Frog Street Baby</i> Songs CD). Pretend to take a walk in the park.	•Shake, Shake, Shake (P31) Give babies rattles and bells to shake while you play "A Walk in the Park" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD). Pretend to take a walk in the park.	•Shake, Shake, P31) Give babies rattles and bells to shake while you play "A Walk in the Park" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD). Pretend to take a walk in the park.	•Shake, Shake, Shake (P31) Give babies rattles and bells to shake while you play "A Walk in the Park" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD). Pretend to take a walk in the park.	•Shake, Shake, (P31) Give babies rattles and bells to shake while you play "A Walk in the Park" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD). Pretend to take a walk in the park.
Objectives	B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze B.1.c. Claps and smiles back and forth with familiar adults D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get and effect D.3.b. Looks in right direction for toys dropped or partly hidden by blanket C.3.c. Enjoys playing with language-like sounds C.3.c. participates in activities or songs that require listening	B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze B.1.c. Claps and smiles back and forth with familiar adults D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get and effect D.3.b. Looks in right direction for toys dropped or partly hidden by blanket C.3.c. Enjoys playing with language-like sounds C.3.c. participates in activities or songs that require listening	B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze B.1.c. Claps and smiles back and forth with familiar adults D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get and effect D.3.b. Looks in right direction for toys dropped or partly hidden by blanket C.3.c. Enjoys playing with language-like sounds C.3.c. participates in activities or songs that require listening	gaze B.1.c. Claps and smiles back and forth with familiar adults D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get and effect	B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze B.1.c. Claps and smiles back and forth with familiar adults D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get and effect D.3.b. Looks in right direction for toys dropped or partly hidden by blanket C.3.c. Enjoys playing with language-like sounds C.3.c. participates in activities or songs that require listening

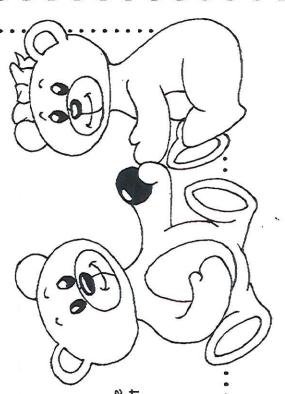


Dear Parents,

Social intelligence, sometimes referred to as social development, is important for both survival by others is largely based on our social intelligence (expressing our thoughts, showing concern others, and teaching others. You might think of these skills as "people skills." Our acceptance and for living a fulfilling life. Social skills are necessary for relating to others, learning from for others, solving and preventing problems, cooperating). Social skills are vital to a child's success in school.

caregivers). It is these connections that anchor a baby's developing social skills. This is called attachment. Providing a loving and supportive environment goes a long way in preparing a baby Social interactions and understanding begin to wire right from birth. During the first year of life, babies connect with the people who care for them (parents and outside-the-home to interact socially. Social skills are optimally developed when intentionally taught.

Emotional intelligence and social intelligence are co-dependent. Emotional intelligence is the understanding of one's own emotions and the ability to manage these emotions effectively. Social intelligence is the understanding of others' emotions (and feelings) and the ability to manage one's self in the context of others. Emotional intelligence builds the foundation for social intelligence. As we understand ourselves, we gain insight



THE FOUR GRAPHS

into understanding others.

- Interact with your baby daily. Talk to him. Smile at him. Be expressive and acknowledge his expressions.
- When you play interactive games, alternate taking turns. For example, when playing Peek-a-Boo, cover your eyes a few times and then cover your baby's eyes a few times.
- Typically around 8 months, babies develop a fear of strangers. If your child expresses this type of fear, do not force him to go to a stranger.
- When other babies are around, position your baby so he can see his peers.
- months), set limits and hold to them. It is during this time that your child is learning an important When your baby begins to express his wants and desires through tantrums (between 15 and 18 rule of social living: You don't always get your way.
- Talk with older infants about the feelings of their friends.
 Teach them to touch others gently.









Class: Infant B (6-12 months) Focus: Baby Signs	Date: May 13-17, 2019 Week: 37
Approaches Toward Learning: Communication, Curiosity, Attention, Persistence	Parent Letter: Developing Social Skills
English Vocabulary: arms, feet, dance, jump, walk	Spanish Vocabulary: brazos, feet, bailar, brincar, caminar

American Sign Language (ASL): arms, feet, dance, jump, walk

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Brain Start Way to Start the Day	Songs CD Sing "Good Morning to You" • "Buenos días". •CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. •CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.	CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. COMMIT: Remind infants	•CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. •CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily.	CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are safe.	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "If You're Happy and You Know It" * "Si estas feliz y lo sabes". *CALM: Teach the children "smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.
Language Development	Sit in front of a mirror with a	•Read the book Feet. Play "Walking My Baby Back Home" (Frog Street Baby Games CD).	 Look at Me (L31) Sit in front of a mirror with a baby and point to and name his/her body features. Explain we can walk, dance, and jump using our feet. 	Play "Walking My Baby Back Home" (Frog Street Baby Games CD).	*Look at Me (L31) Sit in front of a mirror with a baby and point to and name his/her bod features. Explain we can walk, dance, and jump using our feet.

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Cognitive Development	•Little Monkeys (C35) Teach little ones the finger play. If the babies are able to act out the rhyme, choose three "monkeys" to jump.	•Photo Activity Cards 2 and 4 arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar •Teach ASL signs for arms • brazos feet • pies dance • bailar jump • brincar walk • caminar	•Look at Me (L31) Sit in front of a mirror with a baby and point to and name his/her body features. Explain we can walk, dance, and jump using our feet.		•Little Monkeys (C35) Teach little ones the finger play. If the babies are able to act out the rhyme, choose three "monkeys" to jump.
Social Emotional Development	•Pat-a-Cake Feet (SE22) Talk about the baby's sweet feet that will take him anywhere she/he wants. Play "Pat-a-Cake" using a baby's feet instead of his hands.	Play Where Are Those Feet?	Pat-a-Cake Feet (SE22) Talk about the baby's sweet feet that will take him anywhere she/he wants. Play "Pat-a-Cake" using a baby's feet instead of his hands.	•I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Play Where Are Those Feet? (181)	Pat-a-Cake Feet (SE22) Talk about the baby's sweet feet that will take him anywhere she/he wants. Play "Pat-a-Cake" using a baby's feet instead of his hands.
Physical Development	•Twinkle Fingers (P39) Show little ones how to open and close their hands to represent twinkling stars. Encourage them to make twinkling-star hand movements as you sing "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD).	•Twinkle Fingers (P39) Show little ones how to open and close their hands to represent twinkling stars. Encourage them to make twinkling-star hand movements as you sing "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD).	*Twinkle Fingers (P39) Show little ones how to open and close their hands to represent twinkling stars. Encourage them to make twinkling-star hand movements as you sing "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD).	•Twinkle Fingers (P39) Show little ones how to open and close their hands to represent twinkling stars. Encourage them to make twinkling-star hand movements as you sing "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD).	•Twinkle Fingers (P39) Show little ones how to open and close their hands to represent twinkling stars. Encourage them to make twinkling-star hand movements as you sing "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star" (Frog Street Baby Songs CD).
Objectives	or toys C.1.b. Follow simple request A.3.a. Sits and uses hands D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get an effect B.1.c. Engages in positive relationships and interactions with adult B.4.a. Shows interest and awareness of others A.3.a. Grabs at things with a purpose	D.3.b. Looks for hidden objects or toys C.1.b. Follow simple request A.3.a. Sits and uses hands D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get an effect B.1.c. Engages in positive relationships and interactions with adult B.4.a. Shows interest and awareness of others A.3.a. Grabs at things with a purpose A.3.a. Sits and uses hands	D.3.b. Looks for hidden objects or toys C.1.b. Follow simple request A.3.a. Sits and uses hands D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get an effect B.1.c. Engages in positive relationships and interactions with adult B.4.a. Shows interest and awareness of others A.3.a. Grabs at things with a purpose A.3.a. Sits and uses hands	to get an effect B.1.c. Engages in positive relationships and interactions with adult B.4.a. Shows interest and awareness of others	D.3.b. Looks for hidden objects or toys C.1.b. Follow simple request A.3.a. Sits and uses hands D.2.c. Begins to repeat actions to get an effect B.1.c. Engages in positive relationships and interactions with adult B.4.a. Shows interest and awareness of others A.3.a. Grabs at things with a purpose A.3.a. Sits and uses hands



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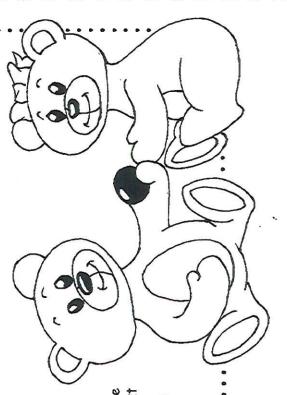
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the foundation for social intelligence, As we understand ourselves, we gain insight into understanding others.



O JUBY TOTAL OBJECT

- Interact with your baby daily. Talk to him. Smile at him. Be expressive and acknowledge his expressions.
- When you play interactive games, alternate taking turns. For example, when playing Peek-a-Boo, cover your eyes a few times and then cover your baby's eyes a few times.
 - Typically around 8 months, babies develop a fear of strangers. If your child expresses this type of fear, do not force him to go to a stranger.
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Class: Infant B (6-12 months) Focus: Baby Signs	Date: May 20-24, 2019 Week: 38		
Approaches Toward Learning: Communication, Curiosity, Attention, Persistence	Parent Letter: Using Sign Language for Communication		
English Vocabulary: thank you, please, hands	Spanish Vocabulary: gracias, por favor, manos		

American Sign Language (ASL): thank you, please, hands

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Brain Start Way to Start the Day	•CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Show the babies their	•CALM: "Smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. •CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "The More We Get Together" * "si estamos todos juntos". *CALM: Practice with the babies"smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.	CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Sing "Morning Chant" * "Saludo de la manana" (Frog Stree Welcome Guide p 72). *CALM: "Smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are safe.
Language Development	•Baby Signs (L27) While teaching the babies the ASL signs thank, you, please, hands sing a song. Encourage the little ones to use their hands.	Read <i>Hands.</i> Demonstrate how to turn the pages of the book.	•Baby Signs (L27) While teaching the babies the ASL signs for the week sing a song. Encourage the little ones to use their hands.	• Read <i>Hands</i> . Demonstrate how to turn the pages of the book.	•Baby Signs (L27) While teaching the babies the ASL signs for the week sing a song. Encourage the little ones to use their hands.

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Cognitive Development	Putty in My Hands (C30) Give little ones edible play dough to explore. Show them how to pat it, roll it, and stretch it. Talk about the sense of touching.	Photo Activity Cards 1 and 8 hands • manos book • libro Review the ASL signs for thank you • gracias please • por favor hands • manos	•Putty in My Hands (C30) Give little ones edible play dough to explore. Show them how to pat it, roll it, and stretch it. Talk about the sense of touching.	•Photo Activity Cards 1 and 8 hands • manos book • libro •Review the ASL signs for thank you • gracias please • por favor hands • manos	•Putty in My Hands (C30) Give little ones edible play dough to explore. Show them how to pat it, roll it, and stretch it. Talk about the sense of touching.
Social Emotional Development	Pat-a-Cake Hands (SE22) Talk about a baby's hands that can feel different textures. Provide different textures and encourage little ones to explore.	•I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Play the game My Hand Is Stuck (143).	Pat-a-Cake Hands (SE22) Talk about a baby's hands that can feel different textures. Provide different textures and encourage little ones to explore.	I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Play the game My Hand Is Stuck (143).	Pat-a-Cake Hands (SE22) Talk about a baby's hands that can feel different textures. Provide different textures and encourage little ones to explore.
Physical Development	•Squeeze the Sponge (P22) Give little ones sponges to squeeze. Babies will enjoy feeling the texture and squeezing sponges will help children develop muscles.	•Squeeze the Sponge (P22) Give little ones sponges to squeeze. Babies will enjoy feeling the texture and squeezing sponges will help children develop muscles.	 Squeeze the Sponge (P22) Give little ones sponges to squeeze. Babies will enjoy feeling the texture and squeezing sponges will help children develop muscles. 	•Squeeze the Sponge (P22) Give little ones sponges to squeeze. Babies will enjoy feeling the texture and squeezing sponges will help children develop muscles.	•Squeeze the Sponge (P22) Give little ones sponges to squeeze. Babies will enjoy feeling the texture and squeezing sponges will help children develop muscles.
Objectives	C.2.a. Uses consistent sounds, gestures, or words to communicate for a variety of purposes C.1.b. Follows simple requests D.1.b. Uses senses to investigate environment to discover what objects and people do, how things work, and how they can make things happen B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze A.3.a. Develops control of small muscles for manipulation	D.1.b. Uses senses to investigate environment to discover what objects and people do, how things work, and how they can make things happen	D.1.b. Uses senses to investigate environment to discover what objects and people do, how things work, and how they can make things happen B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze A.3.a. Develops control of small muscles for manipulation	investigate environment to discover what objects and people do, how things work, and how they can make things happen	C.2.a. Uses consistent sounds, gestures, or words to communicate for a variety of purposes C.1.b. Follows simple requests D.1.b. Uses senses to investigate environment to discover what objects and people do, how things work, and how they can make things happen B.1.b. Shows social interaction with a smile and mutual eye gaze A.3.a. Develops control of small muscles for manipulation

Communi for guage Sign

Dear Parents

At around 8 months, babies understand about 80% of what we say to them. Understanding the

meaning of words is called receptive language. When babies begin to speak words, they are

using expressive language. The understanding of words signals the appropriate time to teach

little ones sign language.

Sign language will provide a communication bridge between babies' understanding of language

and their ability to speak. It will allow them to let others know when they want something or

when they have had enough of something. It will help them communicate with their peers which in turn will help with squabbles that occur because of children's inability to let others know

what they are trying to communicate.

Most languages are stored on one side of the brain. For example, English and Spanish are

stored on the left side of the brain while many Asian languages are stored on the right side of

the brain. But sign language is stored on both sides of the brain which is a big advantage for

processing information.

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hand movements you are using represent words. It generally takes several weeks for little ones to catch on. Always say the word when you make the sign. This is what allows the wiring for sign language to Teach your baby sign language beginning at 8 months. Be patient, Give her time to figure out that the encompass both hemispheres.



Mommy



drink

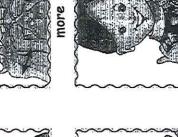
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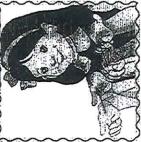






play











Class: Infant B (6-12 months) Focus: Baby Signs	Date: May 27-31, 2019 Week: 39
Approaches Toward Learning: Communication, Curiosity, Attention, Persistence	Parent Letter: Using Sign Language for Communication
English Vocabulary: read, book, eyes	Spanish Vocabulary: leer, libro, ojos

American Sign Language (ASL): read, book, love you

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Brain Start Way to Start the Day	Н	the candle" exhaling. •CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. •COMMIT: Remind infants	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Frog Street Baby Songs CD Sing "The More We Get Together" * "si estamos todos juntos". *CALM: Practice with the babies"smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Acknowledge friends who are absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Show the babies their photos as you put his/her photo in the Safekeeper Box.	CALM: Stretch your arms and legs. CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are	Greet the babies by name. *UNITE: Sing "Morning Chant" * "Saludo de la manana" (<i>Frog Street Welcome Guid</i> e p 72). *CALM: "Smell the flower" taking a deep breath and "blow the candle" exhaling. *CONNECT: Welcome back friends who have been absent with Lily. *COMMIT: Remind infants several times a day that they are safe.
Language Development	0	Read Nursery Rhymes Demonstrate how to turn the pages of the book.	Book Etiquette (L40) Read your favorite Nursery Rhyme Book to little ones and discuss proper holding of the book.	Demonstrate how to turn the pages of the book.	Book Etiquette (L40) Read your favorite Nursery Rhyme Book to little ones and discuss proper holding of the book.

LESSON COMPONENTS	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Cognitive Development	L	Photo Activity Card 3 read • leer book • libro Teach the ASL for read • leer book • libro I love you • te quiero •Sing "Happy Faces" • "Caritas felices".	•One, Two, Three (C34) Use the counting sequence "one, two, three" often. Say one, two, three, up you come. One, two, three, take a bite. Say and perform this rhyme with little ones.	•Photo Activity Card 3 read • leer book • libro Teach the ASL for read • leer book • libro I love you • te quiero •Sing "Happy Faces" • "Caritas felices".	•One, Two, Three (C34) Use the counting sequence "one, two, three" often. Say one, two, three, up you come. One, two, three, take a bite. Say and perform this rhyme with little ones.
Social Emotional Development	ľ	•/ Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Play Silly Me (148).	•Skidamarink (SE23) Sing "Skidamarink" <i>(Frog Street Baby Songs CD)</i> . Give a baby a hug when you sing.	•I Love You Rituals by Becky Bailey Play Silly Me (148).	•Skidamarink (SE23) Sing "Skidamarink" (<i>Frog Street</i> <i>Baby Songs CD</i>). Give a baby a hug when you sing.
Physical Development	D	Sticky Ball (P33) Make balls with different colors of masking tape. Hand the sticky balls to the baby to see what he/she does when the ball sticks to his/her hands.	•Drop the Beanbags (P34) Invite little ones to drop beanbags into a box while singing his/her favorite nursery rhyme	*Sticky Ball (P33) Make balls with different colors of masking tape. Hand the sticky balls to the baby to see what he/she does when the ball sticks to his/her hands.	favorite nursery rhyme
Objectives	Y	touch C.1.a. Enjoys an adult's singing D.2.d. Uses words such as big, little, one, two, three D.4.a. Imitates adult actions C.3.d. Turns pages of a book C.3.d. Makes sounds when looking at pictures in a book	B.3.a. Allows a trusted adult to help calm them with words and touch C.1.a. Enjoys an adult's singing D.2.d. Uses words such as big, little, one, two, three D.4.a. Imitates adult actions C.3.d. Turns pages of a book C.3.d. Makes sounds when looking at pictures in a book A.2.b. Moves body to achieve a goal A.3.b. Picks up and releases objects	D.2.d. Uses words such as big, little, one, two, three D.4.a. Imitates adult actions C.3.d. Turns pages of a book C.3.d. Makes sounds when looking at pictures in a book	B.3.a. Allows a trusted adult to help calm them with words and touch C.1.a. Enjoys an adult's singing D.2.d. Uses words such as big, little, one, two, three D.4.a. Imitates adult actions C.3.d. Turns pages of a book C.3.d. Makes sounds when looking at pictures in a book A.2.b. Moves body to achieve a goal A.3.b. Picks up and releases objects

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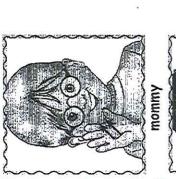
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processing information.

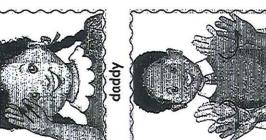
hand movements you are using represent words. It generally takes several weeks for little ones to catch Teach your baby sign language beginning at 8 months. Be patient, Give her time to figure out that the on. Always say the word when you make the sign. This is what allows the wiring for sign language to both hemispheres. encompass





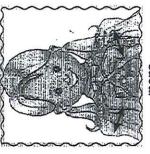
drink





all done

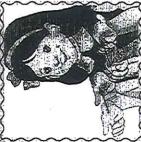
play



more



2at



want